

# Medium-Mu Triode— Sharp-Cutoff Pentode

## 9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

*For Use in Low-B+ Black-and-White TV Receivers  
Having Low-Voltage Power Supplies*

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

#### Bogey Values<sup>a</sup>

Heater Voltage (AC or DC) . . . . .	$E_h$	6.3	V
Heater Current. . . . .	$I_h$	0.775	A
<b>Direct Interelectrode Capacitances</b> Without external shield			
<i>Triode Unit:</i>			
Grid to plate . . . . .	$c_{g-p}$	2.8	pF
Input: $G_T$ to ( $K_T$ , $K_p + G_{3p} + I_S$ , H) .	$c_i$	4.2	pF
Output: $P_T$ to ( $K_T$ , $K_p + G_{3p} + I_S$ , H) .	$c_o$	2.4	pF
<i>Pentode Unit:</i>			
Grid No.1 to plate. . . . .	$c_{g1-p}$	0.12 max	pF
Input: $G_{1p}$ to ( $K_p + G_{3p} + I_S$ , $G_{2p}$ , H) .	$c_i$	14	pF
Output: $P_p$ to ( $K_p + G_{3p} + I_S$ , $G_{2p}$ , H) .	$c_o$	4.8	pF
Triode grid to pentode plate. . . . .	—	0.015 max	pF
Pentode plate to triode plate . . . . .	—	0.17 max	pF

For the following characteristics, see Conditions

	Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Amplification Factor. . . . . $\mu$	46	—	—
Plate Resistance (Approx.). . . . . $r_p$	4400	55000	75000 $\Omega$
Transconductance. . . . . $g_m$	10400	21000	23000 $\mu\text{mho}$
DC Plate Current. . . . . $I_b$	15	16.5	20 mA
DC Grid-No.2 Current. . . . . $I_{c2}$	—	3.1	3.5 mA
Cutoff DC Grid-No.1 Voltage . . . $E_{c1}(co)$	-6	-4.2	-4.2 V

Plate  $\mu A = 100$

#### Conditions

Heater Voltage. . . . . $E_h$	Bogey value			V
DC Plate Supply Voltage . . . . . $E_{bb}$	125	125	200	V
DC Grid-No.2 Supply Voltage . . . $E_{cc2}$	—	125	125	V
Grid No.1 . . . . . —	Connected to negative end of $R_k$			
Cathode Resistor. . . . . $R_k$	68	82	68	$\Omega$

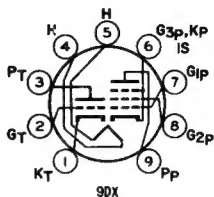
### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Operating Position. . . . .	Any
Type of Cathodes. . . . .	Coated Unipotential
Maximum Overall Length. . . . .	2.625 in
Maximum Seated Length . . . . .	2.375 in
Maximum Diameter. . . . .	0.875 in
Dimensional Outline . . . . .	See General Section
Envelope. . . . .	JEDEC T6-1/2
Base. . . . .	Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JEDEC E9-1)



## TERMINAL DIAGRAM (Bottom View)

- Pin 1—Triode Cathode
- Pin 2—Triode Grid
- Pin 3—Triode Plate
- Pin 4—Heater
- Pin 5—Heater
- Pin 6—Pentode Grid No.3,  
Pentode Cathode,  
Internal Shield
- Pin 7—Pentode Grid No.1
- Pin 8—Pentode Grid No.2
- Pin 9—Pentode Plate



## DESIGN-MAXIMUM RATINGS

For operation as a Class A<sub>1</sub> Amplifier Tube

		Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
DC Plate Voltage. . . . .	$E_b$	300	300	V
DC Grid-No.2 (Screen-Grid) Supply Voltage . . . . .	$E_{cc2}$	-	300	V
DC Grid-No.2 Voltage. . . . .	$E_{c2}$	-	See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart	
at front of Receiving Tube Section				
DC Grid-No.1 (Control-Grid) Voltage				
Positive-bias value . . . . .	$E_{c1}$	0	0	V
Heater-Cathode Voltage				
Peak. . . . .	$e_{hkm}$	±200		V
Average <sup>b</sup> . . . . .	$E_{hk(av)}$	100		V
Heater Voltage (AC or DC) . . .	$E_h$	5.7 to 6.9		V
Grid-No.2 Input	$P_{g2}$			
For $E_{c2} \leq 150$ V . . . . .	-	-	1	W
For $E_{c2} \geq 150$ V and $\leq 300$ V .	-	-	See Grid-No.2 Input Rating Chart	
at front of Receiving Tube Section				
Plate Dissipation . . . . .	$P_b$	2	5	W

## MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

		Triode Unit	Pentode Unit	
Grid-No.1 Circuit Resistance	$R_{g1(ckt)}$			
For fixed-bias operation. . .	-	0.5	0.1	MΩ
For cathode-bias operation. .	-	1	0.25	MΩ

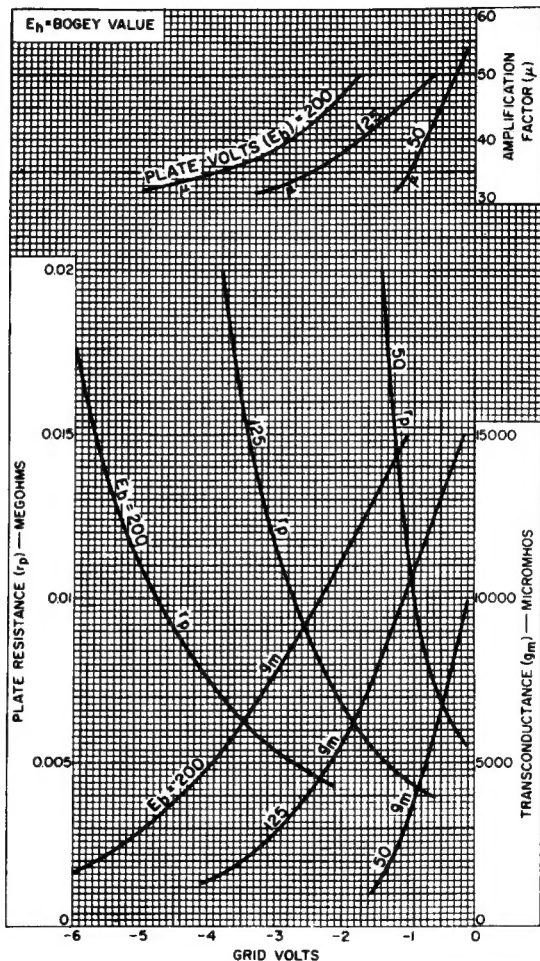
<sup>a</sup> Unless otherwise specified.

<sup>b</sup> Measured with a dc meter.



# Typical Characteristics

Triode Unit



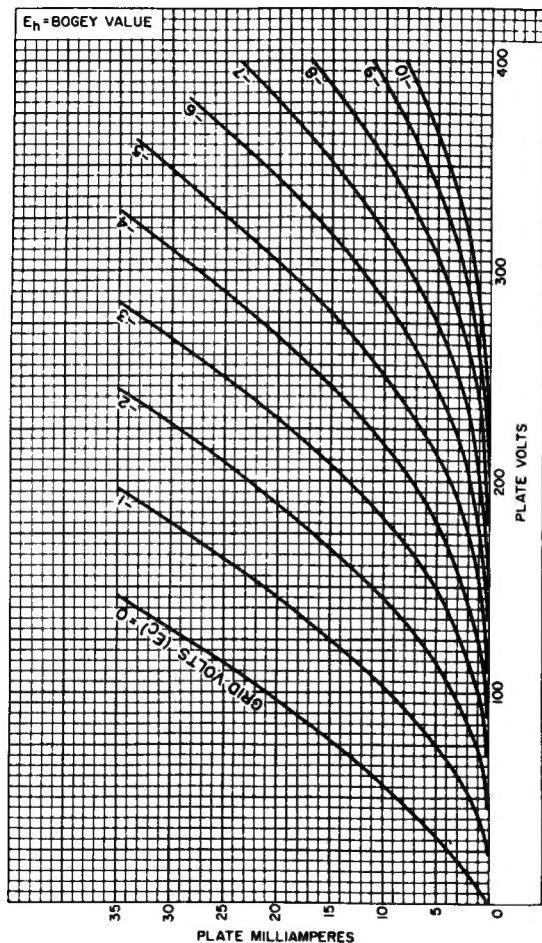
92CM-12623R1



# 6LQ8

## Typical Plate Characteristics

Triode Unit

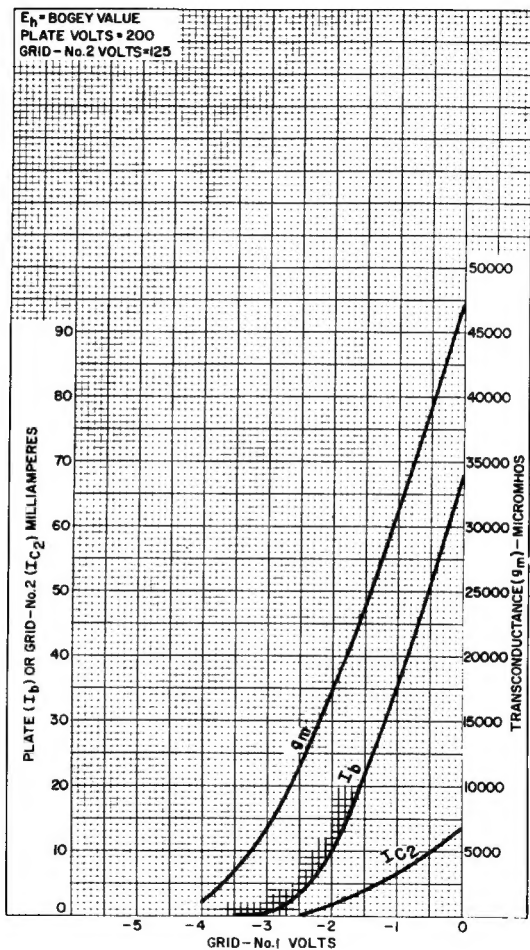


92CM-12616R1



## Typical Characteristics

Pentode Unit

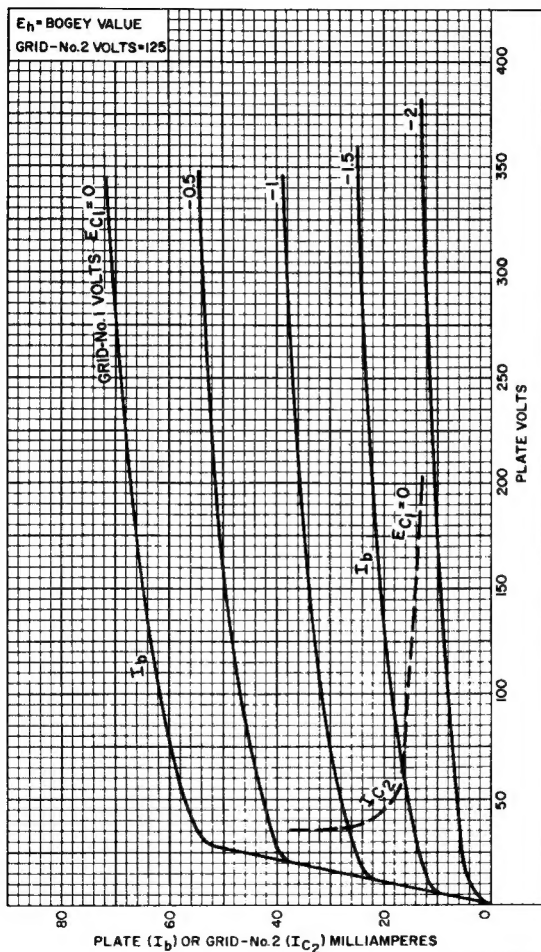


92CM-13750



## Typical Plate Characteristics

Pentode Unit



92CM-13751

